The Inner Solar System

By Leslie Cargile

The inner solar system is the name of the terrestrial planets and asteroid belt. Terrestrial is just a fancy way of saying rocky. Like the Earth, terrestrial planets have a core of iron and rock.

At the center of the solar system is the Sun. The Sun is a big ball of hydrogen powered by nuclear reactions. Massive explosions are going on all of the time inside the Sun. It's what makes the light every day and





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messenger of the gods in Roman mythology, known for his speed.

Second in line comes Venus, which is sometimes called Earth's twin. It's about the same size as Earth, but that's where the similarities end. Venus is always covered in thick clouds full of sulfuric acid. They whip around the planet at more than two hundred twenty miles per hour. Violent winds shoot sand made of silicate around Venus's very dry, arid surface. The temperature averages nine hundred degrees, and the pressure's ninety times that on Earth. It takes two hundred and twenty four days to orbit the Sun. Like Mercury, Venus was also named after a Roman Goddess, the Goddess of love.

You know what planet is next. You live on it! Yup, the Earth is number three.

We have a rocky iron core at the center of our planet. We have liquid water, and our air is made of mostly nitrogen and oxygen. It takes three hundred and sixty-five days for us to circle the Sun. We only have one moon.

Next to us is Mars. Mars also has a core of rock and iron. It is a little more than half the size of Earth. The most distinct feature about Mars is its red color. Dust rich in iron oxide covers the planet. It's sort of like the planet is rusting. White caps at the poles are water, forever frozen because of the colder temperatures further from the Sun. The only place the temperature rises above freezing is at the equator, or the middle of the planet. Mars has two moons, Deimos and Phobos, but they are much smaller than our own



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is a big place. Much of our solar system is still a mystery, there is still plenty to explore.

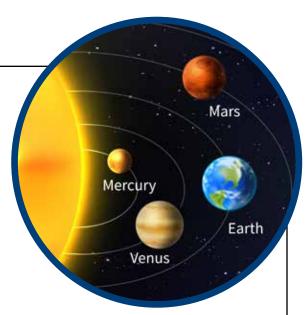
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- a. Mercury is 18 times the size of Earth
- **b.** Mercury is $\frac{1}{18}$ the size of Earth.
- **c.** Earth is $\frac{1}{18}$ the size of Mercury.
- **d.** Earth is 18 times smaller than Mercury.





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and	

4. According to information in the article, where would you find water on Mars?

5. How long does it take light to travel from the Sun to the Earth?

6. Which would be the most appropriate nickname for Venus?

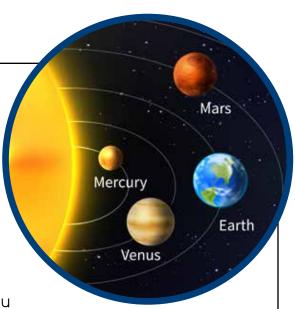
- a. the cold desert planet
- **b.** the first inner planet
- c. the windy planet
- **d.** the triple mooned planet

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Fill in the missing letters to create a word from the article. Then, write the full word on the line. Be sure you spell each word correctly.





4. ____ri___

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clue: lacking	g water or rainfall	

4. _____

5.	e	s	a
	clue: rocky		

5. _____

6.	r e
	clue: most abundant gas on Earth

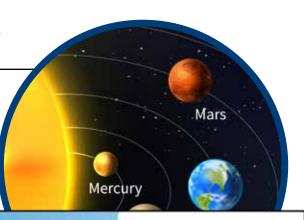
6. _____

7.

clue: an imaginary line around the center of a planet

ANSWER KEY

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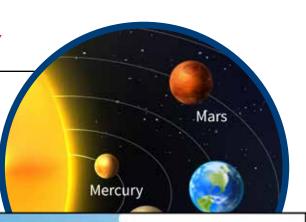
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- 6. Which would be the most appropriate nickname for Venus?
 - a. the cold desert planet
 - **b.** the first inner planet
 - c. the windy planet
 - **d.** the triple mooned planet

ANSWER KEY

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clue: most abundant gas on Earth

7. <u>e q u a t o</u>r

clue: an imaginary line around the center of a planet

equator